



**Hip-Hop Republican
Runs for U.S. Senate —
see page 2**

DEPARTMENTS

Off the Record

Change for Good

One Day in America

National Notes

Tell Me Something I Don't Know

Which of these famous civil rights figures were Republicans and which were Democrats?

(See last page for answer)

Sojourner Truth

Frederick Douglass

Harriet Tubman

George Washington Carver

Mary McLeod Bethune

A. Phillip Randolph

Jackie Robinson

Sen. Edward William Brooke

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

The Black Journal

VOLUME I • NUMBER 1 • OCTOBER 4, 2006

WE REPRINT: YOU DECIDE

Republican Congress Passes Voting Rights Act Extension



President Bush signs the 2006 Voting Rights Extension Bill

English Spoken Here

By Alex-St. James

Recent testimony before a House Subcommittee illustrated the apparent acquiescence of our political leaders and the business



community's promotion of a multi-lingual future for the United States. Though English remains our common language, large segments of the population do not speak English and are making no effort to learn. Recently, the Congress heard testimony regarding a teenager who applied for a job at a national

**CHANGE
FOR GOOD**

fast food restaurant chain. Though qualified, his application for employment was rejected because he did not speak Spanish. The explanation he was given was that as an English only speaker, he could not communicate with the other employees who only spoke Spanish. In effect, English-speakers need not apply, was the policy there, here in America.

Increasingly, job announcements encourage those who speak a language other than English to apply, while those Americans who speak only English are considered less qualified. This blatant discrimination is appearing throughout the country. The hotel industry often requires that managers speak languages other than English because many of their employees are not required to be fluent in English. The same is true in retailing, manufacturing, the service industry; even public employers often discriminate against fully qualified applicants who speak only English.

The African American community is being hit hard by the demand that we speak languages other than English. In Miami, African Americans have for years been denied access to many jobs. For instance, when applying to drive a city bus, Spanish-speaking drivers are given preference. Major retailers in Miami continue to discriminate on the basis of language. As a result, fewer and fewer African Americans work in retailing and few if any are

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Fairness for Illegal Aliens

By Louis S. Harvey



No taxation without representation!

This battle cry was at the core of the founding of the United States, but today, our perverse logic has turned this around. As we see illegal aliens force our political system to grant them unearned rights and unpaid privileges.

Today's new battle cry must be, "No representation without taxation!"

While it may be true that illegal aliens contribute to our economy, there is no question that they do not pay their fair share towards the maintenance and upkeep of the country.

On the other hand, do the rest of us who contribute to the economy get a pass? I think not.

Only illegal aliens and their supporters have the temerity to argue that their hard work gives them a right to bypass the financial responsibilities of living in America. Anyone else making this argument would be sent directly to jail of a mental institution.

How is it that the illegal aliens are not forced to pay their fair share of the responsibility for government? These hard working aliens were attracted here by the lure of jobs without taxes and other financial burdens that I call the "job magnet". As long as the job magnet remains powerful we will continue to see unethical aliens sneak and cheat their way into the country to get the tax free money.

This perverse argument for giving a free ride to illegal aliens is further compounded by the notion that aliens do the jobs Americans or legal immigrants won't do. It should be obvious that if Americans or legal immigrants did not have to pay taxes and health care and social security we would take these jobs as well!

Our political leaders are engaged in a pitch battle on whether to give amnesty (or some other name) to those here illegally. While this approach may seem compassionate on the surface it is grossly unfair to those of us who must pay for the privileges we enjoy, as well as paying for the undeserved privileges that illegal aliens enjoy.

Our leaders also debate the virtue of increasing border security. While this is intended to reduce border crossing, it does nothing

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THE DEMOCRATS: WEAK AND WRONG

From FDR To Ned Lamont: The Democrat Party's Transformation From Strength to Weakness

Yesterday's Democrat Leaders Promoted The Doctrine Of Peace Through Strength:

JANUARY 1945:

President Franklin

D. Roosevelt: "We

have learned that we

cannot live alone, at peace; that

our well-being is dependent on

the well-being of other nations,

far away." (President Franklin

Delano Roosevelt, Inaugural

Address, Washington, D.C., 1/

20/45)

JANUARY 1945: President

Franklin D. Roosevelt: "We

Americans of today, together

with our allies, are passing

through a period of supreme test.

It is a test of our courage, of our

resolve, of our wisdom, of our

essential democracy. ... As I stand

here today, having taken the

solemn oath of office in the

presence of my fellow countrymen,

in the presence of our God, I

know that it is America's

purpose that we shall not fail."

(President Franklin Delano

Roosevelt, Inaugural Address,

Washington, D.C., 1/20/45)

**ONE DAY
IN AMERICA**

MARCH 1947:

President Harry S

Truman: "[I]t must

be the policy of the

United States to support free

peoples who are resisting at-

tempted subjugation by armed

minorities or by outside pres-

ures." (President Harry S Tru-

man, Address To Joint Session

Of Congress, Washington, D.C.,

3/12/47)

JULY 1952: Gov. Adlai

Stevenson (D-IL): "The ordeal

of the twentieth century, the

bloodiest, most turbulent era of

the whole Christian age, is far

from over. Sacrifice, patience,

understanding, and implacable

purpose may be our lot of years

to come. Let's face it. Let's talk

sense to the American people.

Let's tell them the truth, that

there are no gains without

pains, that there — that we are

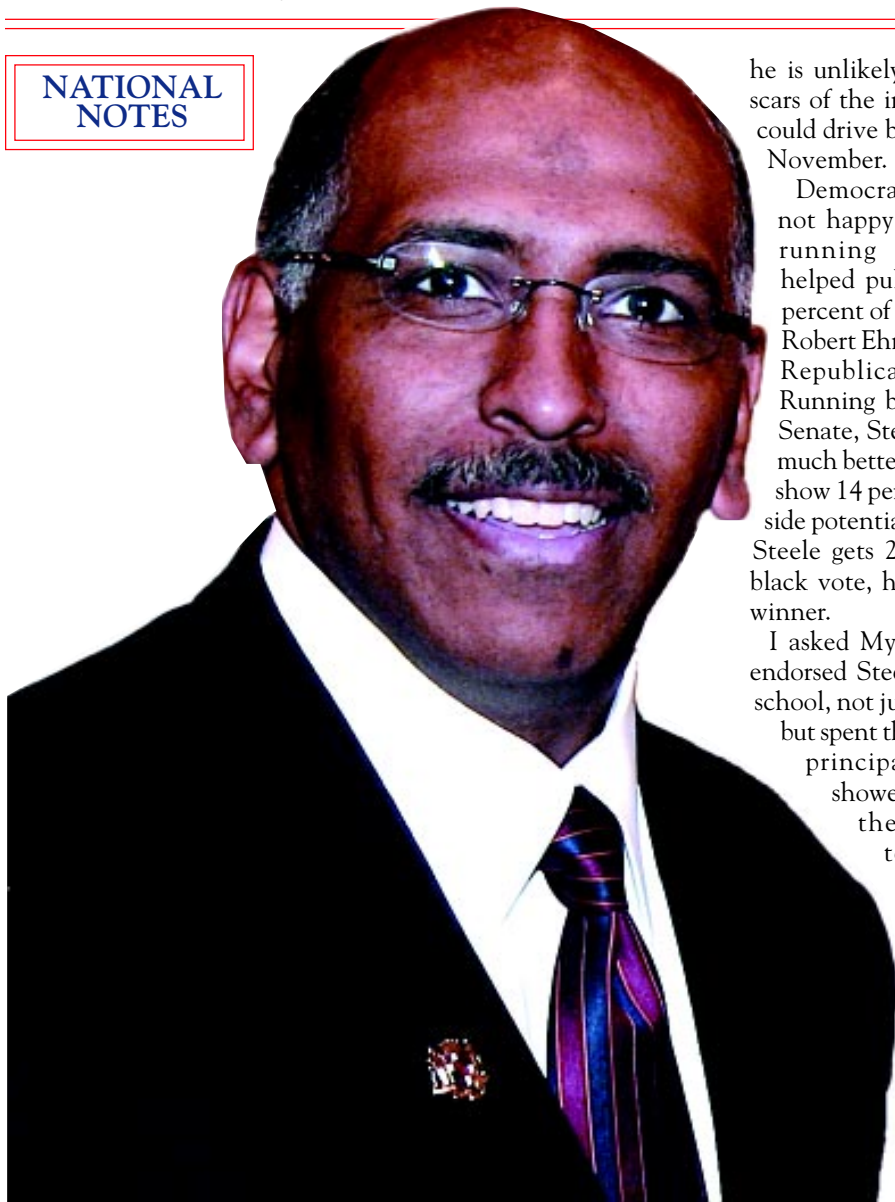
now on the eve of great

decisions, not easy

decisions, like resistance

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NATIONAL NOTES



Black Republican a Dem nightmare

By Robert Novak

UPPER MARLBORO, Md. — Richmond Myrick, the principal of Largo High School, is a registered Democrat in overwhelmingly Democratic Prince George's County next to Washington, D.C. He has not been active politically and is not recorded as having made any contributions to candidates for federal office. Yet recently, he stood in the parking lot of Prince George's Community College adjoining his school to introduce Republican Lt. Gov. Michael S. Steele, whom he has endorsed for the U.S. Senate.

Myrick is African American, as are most students at Largo High. So is Steele. If enough non-political blacks follow Myrick's course, Steele will become the first black Republican elected to the Senate in 32 years. That is the Democrats' worst nightmare. Democratic dominance in Maryland has been based on maintaining a hammerlock over the state's substantial African-American vote. Steele threatens that domination.

Steele sees national implications and put it to me this way in a conversation before the recent rally in Upper Marlboro: "It's a breaking point. I've heard the talk: 'Hillary, Bill, Sharpton, Jesse Jackson, all are coming in to campaign against you.

They can't bear to see you win this race.' If I win this race, I am sure that the whole dynamic changes."

This is a potential bright spot in a dreary 2006 election vista for the Republican Party. Two other African-American Republicans are running for governor: Secretary of State Kenneth Blackwell in Ohio and former professional football star Lynn Swann in Pennsylvania. A victory by any one of them would constitute a rare GOP breakthrough in the black vote, but a Steele win in Maryland would be most exceptional.

Maryland typifies the pattern of blacks supplying nearly unanimous support for Democrats but getting little to show for it in the way of major offices. The party's choice this year to fill the Senate seat left vacant by the retirement of Paul Sarbanes is Rep. Benjamin Cardin of Baltimore, a hardworking toiler in the vineyards during 40 years as a state legislator and congressman. The feeling in political circles is that Cardin's time was due after so many years of tireless if unexciting service.

The flamboyant Kweisi Mfume, former head of the Congressional Black Caucus and the NAACP, has waged a serious Democratic primary challenge against Cardin. Mfume is so underfunded that

he is unlikely to win, but the scars of the intraparty conflict could drive blacks to Steele in November.

Democratic leaders were not happy when Steele, as running mate in 2002, helped pull even a mere 5 percent of the black vote for Robert Ehrlich, the winning Republican for governor. Running by himself for the Senate, Steele will surely do much better. His own surveys show 14 percent, with an upside potential of 44 percent. If Steele gets 25 percent of the black vote, he is probably the winner.

I asked Myrick why he had endorsed Steele. "He came to school, not just for a brief visit, but spent the whole day," the principal told me. "He showed he cared about the students and teachers." What about Cardin? "He hasn't been here," said Myrick. When I asked if he even knew who the veteran congressman was, he said he did not.

Steele is a conservative and is pro-life on abortion (balancing Ehrlich's pro-choice views on the '02 ticket). He says he became a Republican at age 18 when he heard Ronald Reagan address the 1976 Republican National Convention.

Reprinted from *Sun-Times*, by Robert Novak, May 29, 2006

Angling for Hip-Hop Appeal

By Matthew Mosk

Maryland Lt. Gov. Michael S. Steele's credibility with a pivotal constituency—African American voters—got a boost yesterday when hip-hop mogul Russell Simmons got behind his U.S. Senate bid.

"It's extremely significant," said Donna Brazile, a Democratic political strategist. "It says that Michael Steele is someone who is comfortable with youth voters and minority voters."

Yesterday's heavily promoted announcement was just the latest example of how one of the nation's highest-ranking black Republican office holders is trying to balance two aspects of his life—his race and his political party. Standing beside Simmons, Steele happily embraced the label "hip-hop Republican."

That title is the essence of Steele's delicate campaign strategy to draw votes from Maryland's large pool of black voters while retaining financial and Election Day support from another minority group in the state, conservative Republicans.

He might, for instance, be the only politician in America to have had fundraisers hosted this year by Russell Simmons and Dick Cheney.

Simmons, in turn, might just be the only host to throw fundraisers for both Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton and Michael Steele.

"I'm from hip-hop, how can I give in to labels?" asked Simmons, who as co-founder of Def Jam Records has been at the forefront of hip-hop's ascendance, as well as efforts to register black voters.

Simmons said he first came to Maryland four years ago to campaign against Steele, but Steele won him over. "Every time we've had a discussion, it boils down to the same two things: education and opportunity," Simmons said. "The lieutenant governor is clear on his mission."

Steele's message of black empowerment—that African Americans no longer want a seat at the lunch counter, they want to own the diner—has resonated with Simmons and with Cathy L. Hughes, founder of Radio One, one of the nation's most successful black-owned radio networks.

Hughes's name appeared on the invitation for a fundraiser last night in Baltimore, but she did not attend.

Support from these icons of black popular culture could help burnish Steele's image for political dexterity. He almost never invokes his deep GOP roots on the trail and launched his first television ad this week pledging to "talk straight about what's wrong in both parties."

Reprinted from *The Washington Post*, by Matthew Mosk, August 25 2006



Russell Simmons and Lt. Gov. Michael S. Steele meet with students, including Seth Ragin, 6, at an event at the Laurel Boys and Girls Club. (By Marvin Joseph -- *The Washington Post*)

Race Becomes Issue in Maryland Senate Campaign

Democrats' Hypocrisy

No sooner did Democrats realize the Lieutenant Governor is a real threat, especially with the additional support of Majority Leader Bill Frist, National Republican Senatorial Committee Chairman Senator Elizabeth Dole, Senator Mitch McConnell and others, than Michael's race became an issue again. Steele was viciously attacked in his 2002 Lieutenant Governor's race. But this time around, his senatorial race has received the most unbelievably vile racial epithets ever, and Republicans expect more to come.

Their racially charged attacks against Maryland's first Black Lieutenant Governor have become most despicable and dispensed with an acrimonious stench of Democrats hypocrisy and liberal hatred.

Liberal Democrats deemed their attacks appropriate, using Michael's race as justification. Liberals' obtuse tirades come from a party that professes to be tolerant, inclusive and touchy-feely, except against those who happen to believe differently than their liberal dictums.

The Lieutenant Governor—already a Maryland statewide elected official—has committed what is to them a cardinal sin: he dares to stand alone, not on another's ticket (he ran in former Congressman Bob Ehrlich's 2002 gubernatorial campaign) but now wanting to be the junior Senator from Maryland as a Republican. The Democrats decided he had gone too far, stepped way out of line and had lost his mind.

During the Ehrlich/Steele 2002 gubernatorial race, Michael was pelted with Oreos. Since launching his Senate campaign, he has been depicted in minstrel makeup and has openly been called racial slurs by liberal Democratic leadership, rank and file alike. I hope you too will agree that we all must fight all vestiges of bigotry in America, white or black. There should be NO place today for racial prejudice.

Interestingly, the Party of Lincoln sees Michael for who he is, first as an American. In his Baltimore fund-raising remarks, Mr. Bush appealed to others to step up and financially support the Lieutenant Governor and to make sure they also pass the word to their friends, including encouragement to get out the vote. Republicans are hoping you also agree with the President. And Michael is leading fundraising also, reporting \$4,551,468 compared to Democrats Kweisi Mfume \$660,881 so far, or Ben Cardin's total receipts of \$3,857,925—and that's good news. And Steele is going to need every dime, considering Maryland is part of the

pricey Washington DC media market.

With 44% of likely black voters' support today, black and white Marylanders are rallying to stand with the Republican Party of Lincoln and the dream of Dr. Martin Luther King (another black Republican) to help elect Michael Steele.

My fellow Republican, we need you and five of your friends—we are pleading with you to get at least five of your friends to help us—we all must contribute money generously as our direct 'in your face' response to the liberal Democrats wanton racial attacks.

But why specifically in Michael's case?

According to recent newspaper articles,

"Democrats should be very concerned about a Michael Steele candidacy," said Dereck E. Davis (D-District 25) of Upper Marlboro, a key member of House [Maryland] leadership who has known Steele for years. "Michael Steele represents something historic because he's the first African American elected statewide in Maryland history. He did that as a Republican. Democrats need to take that very seriously."

—*The Maryland Gazette: October 28, 2005*

"Mr. Steele is a black Republican seeking a seat in the U.S. Senate, which has apparently left him open to attacks intended to show that he does not know his place." (wrote Tom Knott, "Attacks on Steele Reveal Democrats' Hypocrisy,"

—*Washington Times, November 3, 2005*

There are two realities the liberals understand.

1. Democrats need 90%+ support of black Democrats to win in Maryland because of that state's 27.9% black electorate powerhouse. Their last attempt with Kathleen Kennedy Townsend, fell shy of that. She lost despite getting 85% of the black vote compared to Ehrlich and Steele's 14–15%.

2. Democrats know all too well that all Michael needs to do is peel off 21–25% of the black vote and he'll be Maryland's next United States Senator.

This is the point of their rabid and despicable racial attacks. However, it does not justify referring to the Lieutenant Governor as a 'sellout' to his race and an 'Uncle Tom'. Their fears, however, are real and based on precedence.

When Republican candidates are successful in achieving above the GOP average of 14% black electorate support, in an electorate universe where they make up 10% or so of the population, in a closely contested race, the Republican wins! Period.

The liberal Democrats are also attacking the Lieutenant

Governor because of his message:

- *Michael wants to do away with the victimhood syndrome, and instead espouses common sense values such as passing on a legacy and creating wealth security for working families.*

- *They fear him because he wants failing schools to be accountable.*

- *They loathe him because he maintains the black values exemplified by his mother, values in line with Maryland's black electorate with the same societal concerns.*

- *Yes, they are afraid of Michael because he says healthcare is in*

me it can't be done."

As he likes to say, his story is something no one expected. His race for the U.S. Senate has become the most important 2006 Senate race in America, and by "race" I mean just that, but I confess the attacks were anticipated, as they were in 2002.

In an interesting twist, Michael is being accused of being a Black Republican, which he proudly admits, because the party reflects his and Black American principles on family values. Those values were imparted to him by his mother,

ues, Michael is an incredibly caring man. You can tell he means it when he asks, "How are you doing?"

Lieutenant Governor Michael Steele is truly an extraordinary politician. I can't think of a better candidate. He's just the man to help this nation reject the ongoing prejudice and bigotry the Democrats still spew and thrive on. He's just the guy to bridge that divide and the Dems know it and don't want to see it happen.

That is the liberal Democrats' real fear. Unity in diversity, with respect and true tolerance,



need of 21st century responses including how we pay for it.

- *Michael is foremost for securing our borders and yet, despite the bigotry and racial hatred dished out against him, Michael wants to be the 'Steele' bridge across lines that he says "... for too long have divided us by party, class and race."*

Despite their attacks, Michael Steele's story remains a compelling storybook American Dream come true; a story full of brawn and determination, largely due to his single mother's faith and values system. When Michael was a child, his father died of alcoholism, leaving his mother alone to raise him. Michael gives heartfelt thanks and credit to the help of his stepfather, a truck driver whom his mother later married and who took on a fatherly role—something many families are in need of today.

As a black child born at Andrews Air Force base in Maryland, and raised in then-segregated Washington, Lieutenant Governor Steele is one of the first in his family to attend college, earning a bachelor's degree in International Relations from Johns Hopkins University in 1981, then spending three years in the Holy Order of St. Augustine Seminary, before attending and graduating from Georgetown University Law School. Michael's motto is "Don't tell

who worked 45 years in a laundromat at minimum wage, but refused to accept welfare, because, as Michael tells it, she did not want the government to raise her children. She felt was her responsibility.

The DNC's own 37 page internal report (leaked to the media) reports that as many as 44% of Maryland's Blacks would readily abandon their historic Democratic allegiances and vote for Steele after hearing his message.

When some white or black bigots attack Michael for not identifying with, or having "black" values, as they put it, he loves to say that he wonders what that person would think his black mother would answer. His mother grew up as the daughter of sharecroppers and had to quit school in the fifth grade to work on a tobacco farm in South Carolina. She instilled in him for life her values—values now sometimes forgotten—the American culture of values, of achieving more, of bettering yourself and caring for your children's well being. Michael has never forgotten to live by those values.

And when you meet the Lieutenant Governor, you can see the assertive and towering, yet humble, personality—a man wanting more for others and sharing his "black" all-American values. Because of her val-

one nation, under God.

Like other conservatives, we all hope Michael is elected to break up the liberal Democrats' stranglehold over Black America and help heal the divide.

Republicans need to follow the President's lead!

Marylanders say it all. Victor Clark, a Black from Baltimore, said he thinks Mr. Steele will get a lot of the black vote with his emphasis on education and creating, what he calls, legacy wealth that black Marylanders can accumulate and pass on to their children. *The new mindset of young African-American professionals is about all the things he's about.* Clark said.

They are not going to just approach it from a narrow standpoint of: 'Are you Democrat, are you a Republican? African-Americans are much more willing these days to evaluate candidates based on what they stand for. said Black Delegate Anthony Brown (D-Prince George's County)

Alex-St. James is a political analyst, public policy strategist and the Chairman of the African American Republican Leadership Council, www.aarlc.org. He has been a guest on several coast-to-coast local media programs, interviewed on several talk radio shows, CNN, CBN, ABC, C-Span, MSNBC, Radio One, Fox Cable and written about in numerous newspapers, periodicals and books.

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THE VILE BILE WE HAVE TO PUT UP WITH

By Michelle Malkin
November 02, 2005 11:02 AM

Straight from the headlines, here's exactly the kind of unhinged liberal hatred and bigotry against minority Republicans I talk about in my book—via the Washington Times today:

Black Democratic leaders in Maryland say that racially tinged attacks against Lt. Gov. Michael S. Steele in his bid for the U.S. Senate are fair because he is a conservative Republican.

Such attacks against the first black man to win a statewide election in Maryland include pelting him with Oreos during a campaign appearance, calling him an "Uncle Tom" and depicting him as a black-faced minstrel on a liberal Web log.

Operatives for the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee (DSCC) also obtained a copy of his credit report — the only Republican candidate so targeted.

But black Democrats say there is nothing wrong with "pointing out the obvious."

This is how low the Left's political discourse has sunk: I'm a banana and a coconut and a whore and worse. Michael Steele is an Uncle Tom and a Sambo. Here's the despicable photo that left-wing bigot blogger Steve Gilliard (proving that blacks can be vicious racists, too) published and only removed after conservative bloggers blew the whistle:

So, defacing Steele's photo and assaulting him with Oreo cookies are peaceful exercises of free speech. Demonizing Condi is a harmless prank. Calling her a "House Nigga" is acceptable humor.

No minority who embraces liberal ideas is ever attacked for being a "race traitor" or a "sell-out." These ad hominem attacks are leveled only by the Left, and only against minority conservatives. For the unhinged Left, race-baiting has become an expedient substitute for substantive argument.

Ain't tolerance grand?

Reprinted from Michelle Malkin's
November 02, 2005, 11:02 AM Blog



English, continued from page 1

recruited for management positions. Maintenance and manufacturing companies also discriminate against English only speakers. This growing discrimination is a factor in the high unemployment rate among African Americans, especially young adults in the metropolitan Miami area.

The willingness of employers to hire non-English speakers, and to offer no incentives to learn English, is damaging one of our Nation's most critical characteristics and a basis of our national unity — the fact that Americans have always been able to communicate with one another, no matter their place of origin. Historically, immigrants with a desire to get ahead, recognized that becoming fluent in English was a key to their success and prosperity. This formula for success is now being challenged and the business community bears much of

the responsibility. Take for example, WalMart, the world's

largest retailer, with over one million employees. WalMart had hired tens of thousands of illegal immigrants who were taking the jobs of legal residents, thereby rewarding undocumented aliens, who broke our laws, with jobs. Clearly, this was employment discrimination. This retailer's policy of not requiring employees to speak English discriminates against employees and supervisors who speak only English. This is not an isolated situation.

Commerce in many sections of our major cities is no longer conducted in English. The public concern resulting from this blatant discrimination against English only speakers has yet to deter these emerging business practices.

Congress must act immediately to prevent discrimination against residents who speak our common language and none other. Abandoning English in

COST OF SENATE IMMIGRATION BILL PUT AT \$126 BILLION

By Jonathan Weisman
Washington Post Staff Writer
Tuesday, August 22, 2006

The Senate's embattled immigration bill would raise government spending by as much as \$126 billion over the next decade, as the government begins paying out federal benefits to millions of new legal workers and cracks down on the border, a new Congressional Budget Office analysis concludes.

Law enforcement measures alone would necessitate the hiring of nearly 31,000 federal workers in the next five years, while the building and maintenance of 870 miles of fencing and vehicle barriers would cost \$3.3 billion. Newly legalized immigrants would claim nearly \$50 billion in federal benefits such as the earned income and child tax credits, Medicaid, and Social Security.

The CBO report is the most detailed analysis to date of legislation that has divided the Republican Party, energized millions of Latinos, and become a focal point of congressional campaigns from southern Arizona to upstate New York. Under the legislation, passed this spring by a bipartisan Senate coalition, tough border security measures would be coupled with a path to legal work and citizenship for most of the nation's 11 million undocumented workers and a new guest-worker program for prospective migrants.

President Bush applauded its passage, but House GOP leaders have dug in their heels against it, favoring a House-passed measure that would make illegal immigrants felons, build hundreds of miles of fencing on the southern border and offer no new guest-worker programs.

The nonpartisan CBO analysis is sure to offer fuel for that fight.

"The cost aspect of the Sen-

commerce and at the workplace will result in fewer immigrants taking the trouble to learn English and will threaten the unity that our country has enjoyed because of the acceptance of English as our nation's American language.

Legislation must be enacted, if Congress won't act, then at the state level — to prevent employers from discriminating against job applicants who speak only English. Where state law now provides bilingual language services, residents of those states must organize to repeal those anti-American disunity laws. Legislating English as our official language would

ate plan has never been taken into consideration," said Rep. Tom Tancredo (R-Colo.), the firebrand opponent of illegal immigration who is leading the resistance to the Senate bill. "When combined with the policy implementations, this should certainly stick a fork in it."

Supporters of the legislation cautioned that the CBO's total needs to be put into context. For instance, most of the \$78 billion in discretionary spending that the Senate bill authorizes through 2016 would fund law enforcement measures that conservatives are pushing for anyway.

The CBO's five-year cost estimates include \$800 million to hire 1,000 additional Border Patrol agents; \$2.6 billion to build detention facilities for 20,000; \$3.3 billion to build and maintain 370 miles of border fencing and 500 miles of vehicle barriers along the U.S.-Mexico frontier; and \$1.6 billion to establish a computerized system to verify the eligibility of applicants for lawful employment.

"Most people recognize there is going to be a price tag for fixing a broken immigration system, no question about that," said Ben Johnson, director of the Immigration Policy Center, which favors the Senate bill. "It still comes down to the moral question of 'How do we create a new, workable immigration policy?'"

In the long run, tax revenue generated by new workers would ease the baby-boom generation's burden on Social Security and offset virtually all the additional spending, said James Horney, a senior fellow at the liberal Center on Budget and Policy Priorities.

The report "will be problematic," he said. "People who don't like the bill will jump on the 10-year number. But I hope others will look at the longer

term and realize in the end, the answer is still the same. It's all a wash."

The CBO study, released Friday evening, not only details the Senate bill's cost but also enumerates the plan's impact on the population. By 2016, CBO researchers estimate, more than 16 million people would either become legal permanent residents under the bill or attain some other legal status. That total includes 4.4 million legalized undocumented workers, 3.3 million guest workers and 2.6 million family members brought in through the new programs. By 2026, the addition to the U.S. population would jump to 24.4 million.

That number is far lower than the Heritage Foundation's estimate of 103 million immigrants legalized by 2026, a calculation that has been widely circulated in conservative circles. But the CBO estimate is far higher than the 8 million figure White House officials have pointed to in their rebuttal of the Heritage study.

The report said legalized immigrants would represent "only a modest increase" in enrollment for child nutrition programs, food stamps and Medicaid. Caseloads would be 2 to 3 percent higher by 2016, the CBO said.

But that may understate the political costs of those entitlement claims. Over the next decade, legalized workers and their families, in addition to guest workers and theirs, would claim \$24.5 billion in tax refunds through the earned income credit and child credit, \$15.4 billion in Medicare and Medicaid, \$5.2 billion in Social Security benefits and \$3.7 billion in food stamps and child nutrition programs, the report estimates.

Reprinted from *The Washington Post*, by Jonathan Weisman, August 22 2006

have the effect of encouraging the use of English and will even the playing field in industries, which currently don't require that employees learn English or speak English on the job. This is of vital importance to the Nation and for African Americans in particular, who through the generations have embraced English as their native language.

Enforcing the use of English as our Nation's official language should not be viewed as an anti-immigrant measure. The rich cultural and racial diversity of our Country is not the issue. The problem is discrimination. Congress must act to ensure that all Americans are treated

equally and that in the future, as in the past, we remain an American English-speaking people no matter our national origin or ancestry.

Alex-St. James is a political analyst, public policy strategist and the Chairman of the African American Republican Leadership Council, www.aarlc.org. He has been a guest on several coast-to-coast local media programs, interviewed on several talk radio shows, CNN, CBN, ABC, C-Span, MSNBC, Fox Cable and written about in numerous newspapers, periodicals and books.
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Blacks can no longer be taken for granted

By Jon Ward

Black voters' loyalty to the Democratic Party is no longer a certainty in Maryland, especially among young independent voters, several black leaders say.

"We might be the last generation of unabashed loyalists to the Democratic Party," state Senate Majority Leader Nathaniel J. McFadden of Baltimore says. "The Democratic Party is no longer a monolith for the African-American community."

Rep. Albert R. Wynn of Prince George's County warns his party's leaders that "black voters can no longer be taken for granted."

Securing the black vote has become a critical concern among Maryland Democrats in an election year rife with racial politics:

- Lt. Gov. Michael S. Steele, a Republican who is the first black to win statewide office in Maryland, has been lampooned as a minstrel on a liberal Web log, and Democratic operatives wrongly acquired his credit report in his run for the U.S. Senate.

- The Democrat-controlled House has been lining up behind a bill that would return voting rights to 150,000 felons — about 60 percent of whom are black — in time for November's general election.

- Baltimore Mayor Martin O'Malley has chosen Delegate Anthony G. Brown of Prince George's County as his running mate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination. Mr. O'Malley's chief opponent — Montgomery County Executive Douglas M. Duncan — also is considering a black running mate.

- Prince George's County, a mostly black jurisdiction with the state's highest concentration of registered Democrats, has become the focus of attention since low voter turnout in 2002 is believed to have contributed to Robert L. Ehrlich Jr.'s Republican victory in the governor's race.

- Former NAACP President Kweisi Mfume, a Democrat who is running for the Senate, has criticized the party for taking black voters for granted, saying "people may find a way to cross over in the fall."

"Last time for governor, I voted for Michael Steele for lieutenant governor," says Hubert "Petey" Green, president of the Prince George's County Black Chamber of Commerce and a lifelong registered Democrat.

Black political, business and religious leaders say a shift is occurring, especially among

young voters who are less concerned with civil rights and more attentive to economic issues.

"The younger black demographic is not as tied in to the Democratic Party," says Robert Johnson, founder of Black Entertainment Television.

"They're less likely to be involved in unions, in the types of jobs that tend to follow lock-step party voting, and they tend to be a lot more independent," says Mr. Johnson, who now owns an NBA franchise and a Bethesda-based development company.

According to Mr. Wynn, the black vote in the past "focused predominantly on civil rights issues. Now the focus is both civil rights and economic issues."

Kevin Taylor, 34, a corporate sales manager for Comcast Cable in Prince George's County, is a registered Democrat who says he has never considered voting Republican. However, he says he is "open to hearing from Steele. I think he's a credible candidate."

Mr. Steele's background as an entrepreneur who has worked to help minority businesses appeals to a growing black middle and upper class, especially in Prince George's County, where he lives.

The Republican Senate candidate "can come a long way with an argument that economic development needs to be improved, and what have the Democrats done for you lately," says Bishop Harry Jackson, pastor of the 3,000-member Hope Christian Church in Bowie.

"I am hearing in my community that [Mr. Steele] is going to get a lot of the black vote," says Delegate Emmett C. Burns Jr. of Baltimore County.

But Mr. Steele's appeal as a candidate does not necessarily translate into more black votes for Republicans, says Delegate Jill P. Carter of Baltimore.

"I don't think blacks are going to vote for Steele. It's not about Steele, who I like. It's about casting a vote for the Bush agenda," Ms. Carter says.

Nonetheless, Mr. Steele's candidacy is hastening a shift in how Maryland's black voters perceive the two political parties, says Rene Lavigne, an information technology business executive in Prince George's County.

"People are not bound by party lines as they used to be. People are voting for the right guy for the job," Mr. Lavigne says.

Reprinted from *The Washington Times*, By Jon Ward, March 2, 2006

Democrats, continued from page 1

when you're attacked, but a long, patient, costly struggle which alone can assure triumph over the great enemies of man — war, poverty, and tyranny — and the assaults upon human dignity which are the most grievous consequences of each." (Gov. Adlai Stevenson, Acceptance Speech At Democrat National Convention, Chicago, IL, 7/26/52)

JANUARY 1961: President John F. Kennedy: "Let every nation know, whether it wishes us well or ill, that we shall pay any price, bear any burden, meet any hardship, support any friend, oppose any foe, in order to assure the survival and the success of liberty. This much we pledge — and more." (President John F. Kennedy, Inaugural Address, Washington, D.C., 1/20/61)

JANUARY 1961: President John F. Kennedy: "In the long history of the world, only a few generations have been granted the role of defending freedom in its hour of maximum danger. I do not shrink from this responsibility — I welcome it." (President John F. Kennedy, Inaugural Address, Washington, D.C., 1/20/61)

AUGUST 1968: Vice President Hubert Humphrey: "Across America — throughout the entire world — the forces of emancipation are at work. We hear freedom's rising chorus: 'Let me live my own life. Let me live in peace. Let me be free,' say the people ... And to speed this day, we must go far beyond where we've been, beyond containment to communication, beyond differences to dialogue, beyond fear to hope." (Vice President Hubert Humphrey, Acceptance Speech At Democrat National Convention, Chicago, IL, 8/29/68)

JUNE 1977: Sen. Daniel Patrick Moynihan (D-NY): "[President Carter's foreign policy] is as if with no further consideration we should divert our attention from the central political struggle of our time — that between liberal democracy and totalitarian Communism — and focus instead on something else." (Richard Pyle, *The Associated Press*, 6/9/77)

JULY 1979: Sen. Henry "Scoop" Jackson (D-WA): "I believe that international terrorism is a modern form of warfare against liberal democracies. I believe that the ultimate but seldom stated goal of these terrorists is to destroy the very fabric of democracy. I believe that it is both wrong and foolhardy for any democratic state to consider international terrorism to be 'someone else's' problem. ... Liberal democracies must acknowledge that international terrorism is a 'collective problem.'" (Sen. Henry Jackson, Address To Jonathan Institute, Jerusalem, 7/79)

FEBRUARY 1980: Sen. James Exon (D-NE): "As long as the Great Bear remains un-

friendly, the U.S. will neither feed him nor supply him with fertilizer to help grow his own feed." (Jane Seaberry, "Soviet Phosphates Embargo Extended," *The Washington Post*, 2/26/80)

MARCH 1986: Sen. Lloyd Bentsen (D-TX): "[I]t seems to me that we have a clear choice to make. We can turn our backs and turn away and allow the final consolidation of a totalitarian regime in Managua, complete with its Soviet and Eastern Bloc advisers. And in doing so give the green light to subversion across Central America." (Mike Robinson, "What Some Senators Say About Aiding the Contras," *The Associated Press*, 3/26/86)

MARCH 1990: Sen. Sam Nunn (D-GA): "We must recognize that the collapse of Communism does not mean the end of danger in the world." (Robin Toner, "Eyes To Left, Democrats Edge Toward The Center," *The New York Times*, 3/25/90)

OCTOBER 1996: Sen. Howell Heflin (D-AL): "With my own experiences in World War II and observations since that time, I have felt compelled that we must at all times endeavor to obtain lasting peace, and that the primary road to achieving this goal is through military strength." (Sen. Howell Heflin, *Congressional Record*, 10/1/96, p. S12077)

OCTOBER 1996: Sen. Howell Heflin (D-AL): "Generally, I have been proud of the Senate for rallying behind the American President whenever he has determined the necessity of using our Armed Forces ... I have been consistent in embracing the philosophy of supporting the Commander in Chief, regardless of the party or what I might have felt personally could have been done differently or better." (Sen. Howell Heflin, *Congressional Record*, 10/1/96, p. S12080)

AUGUST 2006: Sen. Joe Lieberman (D-CT): "[I]f we leave [Iraq] tomorrow it'll be a disaster for the Iraqis, for the Middle East and for us." (ABC's "This Week," 8/6/06)

But Today's Democrat Leaders Have Chosen To Cut-And-Run From The War On Terror:

SEPTEMBER 2001: MoveOn.Org: After 9/11, MoveOn collected signatures for statement calling for "justice, not escalating violence that would only play into the terrorists' hands." (Tony Pugh, "Against Tide, They Clamor For Peace," *The Philadelphia Inquirer*, 9/21/01)

APRIL 2004: Daily Kos Founder Markos Moulitsas Zúniga Denounced Four American Contractors Who Were Mutilated By Terrorists In Fal-lujah, Iraq. Markos Moulitsas Zúniga: "I feel nothing over the death of mercenaries [sic]. They aren't in Iraq because of orders,

or because they are there trying to help the people make Iraq a better place. They are there to wage war for profit. Screw them." ("Murderous Rhetoric," *The Spectator*, 4/10/04)

SEPTEMBER 2004: House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-CA): "This war has been a grotesque mistake that has diminished our reputation in the world and has not made America safer." (Elizabeth Wolfe, "Pelosi Calls Iraq War 'Grotesque Mistake,'" *The Associated Press*, 9/25/04)

NOVEMBER 2005: Rep. John Murtha (D-PA): "I believe we must begin discussions for an immediate re-deployment of U.S. forces from Iraq. I believe it can be accomplished in as little as six months ..." (Rep. John Murtha, "Congressman Murtha Calls For Redeployment From Iraq," Press Release, 11/17/05)

DECEMBER 2005: DNC Chairman Howard Dean: "[The] idea that we're going to win the war in Iraq is an idea which is just plain wrong." (San Antonio's WOAI's Website, www.woai.com, Accessed 12/5/05)

DECEMBER 2005: Sen. John Kerry (D-MA): "There is no reason ... that young American soldiers need to be going into the homes of Iraqis in the dead of night, terrorizing kids and children ..." (CBS' "Face The Nation," 12/4/05)

MARCH 2006: Senate Candidate Ned Lamont (D-CT): "All they know is, A, I'm not Joe [Lieberman]. And, B, I'm against the war." (Mark Pazniokas, "Lamont Campaign Builds Step By Step," *The Hartford [CT] Courant*, 3/13/06)

JUNE 2006: Senate Candidate Ned Lamont (D-CT): "I think it's time for us to take our front-line military operations and start bringing those troops home now." (Susan Haigh, "Iraq War Key Topic Of Senate Race," *The Associated Press*, 6/17/06)

Democrats: Weak On Defense

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Funding For Our Troops Fighting The War On Terror

Democrats Have Voted Against Billions In Funding To Support Our Troops In Iraq And Afghanistan:

In 2005, 54 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$37 Billion In Funding For Military Operations In Iraq And Afghanistan. (H.R. 1268, CQ Vote #161: Adopted 368-58; R 225-3; D 143-54; I 0-1, 5/5/05)

In 2005, 39 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$53 Billion In Funding For Military Operations And Reconstruction In Iraq And Afghanistan. (H.R. 1268, CQ Vote #77:

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Passed 388-43: R 226-3; D 162-39; I 0-1, 3/16/05)

In 2003, 11 Senate Democrats Voted Against \$87 Billion For Military Operations And Reconstruction In Iraq And Afghanistan. (S. 1689, CQ Vote #400: Passed 87-12: R 50-0; D 37-11; I 0-1, 10/17/03)

In 2003, 115 House Democrats Voted Against \$87 Billion For Military Operations And Reconstruction In Iraq And Afghanistan. (H.R. 3289, CQ Vote #601: Adopted 298-121: R 216-5; D 82-115; I 0-1; 10/31/03)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Weapons Used In The War On Terror

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Funding The B-2 Spirit (Stealth Bomber):

Democrats Voted Against Funding The Stealth Bomber At Least Eighteen Times, In 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1994, 1995, 1996, And 1997. (H.R. 3072, CQ Vote #203: Rejected 29-71: R 2-43; D 27-28, 9/26/89; H.R. 3072, CQ Vote #310: Motion Rejected 29-68: R 3-41; D 26-27, 11/17/89; S. 2884, CQ Vote #208: Rejected 43-56: R 8-36; D 35-20, 8/2/90; S. 2884, CQ Vote #209: Rejected 45-53: R 9-34; D 36-19, 8/2/90; S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; H.R. 4739, CQ Vote #320: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; S. 1507, CQ Vote #174: Rejected 42-57: R 7-36; D 35-21, 8/1/91; H.R. 2521, CQ Vote #206: Motion Agreed To 51-48: R 36-7; D 15-41, 9/25/91; S. 2403, CQ Vote #85: Adopted 61-38: R 7-36; D 54-2, 5/6/92; H.R. 4990, CQ Vote #108: Adopted 90-9: R 34-9; D 56-0, 5/21/92; S. 3114, CQ Vote #216: Rejected 45-53: R 8-35; D 37-18, 9/18/92; S. 2182, CQ Vote #179: Rejected 45-55: R 8-36; D 37-19, 7/1/94; H.R. 2126, CQ Vote #579: Adopted 59-39: R 48-5; D 11-34, 11/16/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96; H.R. 3230, CQ Vote #279: Adopted 73-26: R 50-3; D 23-23, 9/10/96; H.R. 1119, CQ Vote #228: Rejected 209-216: R 60-163; D 148-53; I 1-0, 6/23/97)

Democrats Voted Against Funding The Tomahawk Cruise Missile At Least Four Times, In 1990, 1995 And 1996. (S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; H.R. 4739, CQ Vote #320: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; S. 1507, CQ Vote #174: Rejected 42-57: R 7-36; D 35-21, 8/1/91; H.R. 2521, CQ Vote #206: Motion Agreed To 51-48: R 36-7; D 15-41, 9/25/91; S. 2403, CQ Vote #85: Adopted 61-38: R 7-36; D 54-2, 5/6/92; H.R. 4990, CQ Vote #108: Adopted 90-9: R 34-9; D 56-0, 5/21/92; S. 3114, CQ Vote #216: Rejected 45-53: R 8-35; D 37-18, 9/18/92; S. 2182, CQ Vote #179: Rejected 45-55: R 8-36; D 37-19, 7/1/94; H.R. 2126, CQ Vote #579: Adopted 59-39: R 48-5; D 11-34, 11/16/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96; H.R. 3230, CQ Vote #279: Adopted 73-26: R 50-3; D 23-23, 9/10/96; H.R. 1119, CQ Vote #228: Rejected 209-216: R 60-163; D 148-53; I 1-0, 6/23/97)

Democrats Voted Against Funding The LHD Helicopter Carrier At Least Five Times, In 1990, 1995 And 1996. (S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; S. 1087, CQ Vote #397: Passed 62-35: R 48-4; D 14-31, 9/5/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Critical Defense Spending Bills:

In 2006, 30 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$512 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 5122, CQ Vote #145: Passed 396-31: R 227-1; D 168-30; I 1-0, 5/11/06)

This Funding Included Almost \$17 Billion For Military Construction And Family Housing. (H.R. 5122, CQ Vote #145: Passed 396-31: R 227-1; D 168-30; I 1-0, 5/11/06)

In 2006, 52 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$67

4739, CQ Vote #320: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #399: Passed 64-34: R 50-3; D 14-31, 9/6/95; H.R. 2126, CQ Vote #579: Adopted 59-39: R 48-5; D 11-34, 11/16/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96; H.R. 3230, CQ Vote #279: Adopted 73-26: R 50-3; D 23-23, 9/10/96; S. 936, CQ Vote #172: Rejected 19-79: R 1-54; D 18-25, 7/11/97)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Funding The Predator Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV):

Democrats Voted Against Funding UAVs At Least Four Times, In 1995 And 1996. (H.R. 2126, CQ Vote #579: Adopted 59-39: R 48-5; D 11-34, 11/16/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1745, CQ Vote #187: Passed 68-31: R 50-2; D 18-29, 7/10/96; H.R. 3230, CQ Vote #279: Adopted 73-26: R 50-3; D 23-23, 9/10/96)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Funding The Tomahawk Cruise Missile:

Democrats Voted Against Funding The Tomahawk Cruise Missile At Least Four Times, In 1990, 1995 And 1996. (S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #399: Passed 64-34: R 50-3; D 14-31, 9/6/95; H.R. 3230, CQ Vote #279: Adopted 73-26: R 50-3; D 23-23, 9/10/96)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Funding The LHD Helicopter Carrier:

Democrats Voted Against Funding The LHD Helicopter Carrier At Least Five Times, In 1990, 1995 And 1996. (S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; S. 1087, CQ Vote #397: Passed 62-35: R 48-4; D 14-31, 9/5/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96)

Democrats Voted Against Funding The LHD Helicopter Carrier At Least Five Times, In 1990, 1995 And 1996. (S. 3189, CQ Vote #273: Passed 79-16: R 37-5; D 42-11, 10/15/90; H.R. 5803, CQ Vote #319: Adopted 80-17: R 37-6; D 43-11, 10/26/90; S. 1087, CQ Vote #397: Passed 62-35: R 48-4; D 14-31, 9/5/95; H.R. 1530, CQ Vote #608: Adopted 51-43: R 47-2; D 4-41, 12/19/95; S. 1124, CQ Vote #5: Adopted 56-34: R 42-3; D 14-31, 1/26/96)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Critical Defense Funding

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Critical Defense Spending Bills:

In 2006, 30 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$512 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 5122, CQ Vote #145: Passed 396-31: R 227-1; D 168-30; I 1-0, 5/11/06)

This Funding Included Almost \$17 Billion For Military Construction And Family Housing. (H.R. 5122, CQ Vote #145: Passed 396-31: R 227-1; D 168-30; I 1-0, 5/11/06)

In 2006, 52 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$67

Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 4939, CQ Vote #65: Passed 348-71: R 204-19; D 143-52; I 1-0, 3/16/06)

In 2005, 37 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$440 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 1815, CQ Vote #222: Passed 390-39: R 225-2; D 164-37; I 1-0, 5/25/05)

This Funding Included \$108 Billion For Defense Personnel And Over \$12 Billion For Military Construction And Family Housing. (H.R. 1815, CQ Vote #222: Passed 390-39: R 225-2; D 164-37; I 1-0, 5/25/05)

In 2004, 33 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$447 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 4200, CQ Vote #206: Passed 391-34: R 221-1; D 169-33; I 1-0, 5/20/04)

In 2003, 66 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$400 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 1588, CQ Vote #221: Passed 361-68: R 223-1; D 138-66; I 0-1, 5/22/03)

In 2002, 56 House Democrats Voted Against Over \$383 Billion In Defense Funding. (H.R. 4546, CQ Vote #158: Passed 359-58: R 212-1; D 146-56; I 1-1, 5/10/02)

This Funding Included A 4.7 Percent Pay Increase For Military Personnel. (H.R. 4546, CQ Vote #158: Passed 359-58: R 212-1; D 146-56; I 1-1, 5/10/02)

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted To Slash Intelligence Funding

Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted To Cut Intelligence Funding, Even After September 11th:

In 2003, 33 Senate Democrats Voted To Withhold \$50 Million In Intelligence Funding. (H.R. 2658, CQ Vote #287: Motion Agreed To 62-34: R 51-0; D 11-33; I 0-1, 7/17/03)

In 2003, 44 Senate Democrats Supported An Amendment That Would Have Transferred \$300 Million Away From Intelligence Activities. (H.R. 2555, CQ Vote #294: Motion Agreed To 50-48: R 48-3; D 2-44; I 0-1, 7/23/03)

In 1996, 154 House Democrats Voted To Reduce The Total Amount Authorized By The Fiscal Year 1997 Intelligence Authorization By 4.9 Percent. (H.R. 3259, CQ Vote #187: Rejected 192-235: R 37-193; D 154-42; I 1-0, 5/22/96)

In 1995, 40 Senate Democrats Voted To Slash FBI Funding By \$80 Million. (H.R. 2076, CQ Vote #480: Adopted 49-41: R 9-40; D 40-1, 9/29/95)

In 1993, 120 House Democrats Voted To Cut Intelligence By \$500 Million. (H.R. 2330, CQ Vote #393: Rejected: 134-299: R 13-159; D 120-14; I 1-0, 8/4/93)

In 1989, 31 House Democrats Voted Against Authorizing Appropriations For Intelligence And Intelligence-Related Activities Of The U.S. Government For The CIA And Re-

lated Agencies. (H.R. 2748, CQ Vote #288: Passed 369-31: R 161-8; D 208-23, 10/12/89)

Over The Last 5 Years, Democrats Have Repeatedly Voted Against Missile Defense

During The Bush Administration, Democrats Have Voted Against Missile Defense At Least Nine Times:

In 2006, 130 House Democrats Voted To Cut Over \$9 Billion Dollars From The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H. Con. Res. 376, CQ Vote #155: Rejected 131-294: R 0-229; D 130-65; I 1-0, 5/17/06)

In 2006, 117 House Democrats Voted To Limit The Deployment Of Ground-Based Defense Systems And To Halt The Deployment Of Space-Based Missile Interceptors. (H.R. 5122, CQ Vote #142: Rejected 124-301: R 6-221; D 117-80; I 1-0, 5/11/06)

In 2005, 34 Senate Democrats Voted To Cut \$50 Million From Missile Defense. (S. 1042, CQ Vote #311: Rejected 37-60: R 2-52; D 34-8; I 1-0, 11/8/05)

In 2005, 132 House Democrats Voted To Reduce Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H. Con. Res. 95, CQ Vote #85: Rejected 134-292: R 1-225; D 132-67; I 1-0, 3/17/05)

In 2004, 43 Senate Democrats Supported An Amendment Offered By Sen. Levin (D-MI) And Voted To Cut \$515 Million From The Missile Defense Agency's Ground-Based Midcourse Interceptors. (S. 2400, CQ Vote #133: Rejected 44-56: R 0-51; D 43-5; I 1-0, 6/22/04)

In 2004, 118 House Democrats Voted To Reduce Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H. Con. Res. 393, CQ Vote #88: Rejected 119-302: R 0-220; D 118-82; I 1-0, 3/25/04)

In 2003, 66 House Democrats Voted Against A Bill That Included Over \$9 Billion For The Anti-Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 1588, CQ Vote #221: Passed 361-68: R 223-1; D 138-66; I 0-1, 5/22/03)

In 2002, 56 House Democrats Voted Against A Bill That Included \$7.8 Billion For Missile Defense Systems. (H.R. 4546, CQ Vote #158: Passed 359-58: R 212-1; D 146-56; I 1-1, 5/10/02)

In 2002, 156 House Democrats Voted To Block Funding For Space Based Missile Defense Programs. (H.R. 4546, CQ Vote # 145: Rejected 159-253: R 2-206; D 156-46; I 1-1, 5/9/02)

When Democrats Were In Control Of Congress, They Cut Billions From Missile Defense

In The Early 90's, Democrats

Cut Missile Defense Funding At Least Seven Times:

In 1994, 38 Senate Democrats Voted To Cut \$513 Million From The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (S. Con. Res. 63, CQ Vote #64: Rejected 40-59: R 2-42; D 38-17, 3/22/94)

In 1994, 139 House Democrats Voted To Reduce Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 4301, CQ Vote #179: Rejected 155-271: R 15-160; D 139-11; I 1-0, 5/18/94)

In 1993, 44 Senate Democrats Were Successful In Cutting Funds From The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (S. 1298, CQ Vote #251: Adopted 50-48: R 6-36; D 44-12, 9/9/93)

In 1993, 150 House Democrats Voted To Reduce Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 3400, CQ Vote #610: Rejected 184-248: R 33-139; D 150-10; I 1-0, 11/22/93)

In 1993, 185 House Democrats Voted To Cut \$200 Million In Funding From The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 2401, CQ Vote #414: Rejected 202-227: R 16-156; D 185-71; I 1-0, 9/8/93)

In 1993, 251 House Democrats Were Successful In Defeating A \$467 Million Increase In Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 2401, CQ Vote #413: Rejected 118-312: R 113-60; D 5-251; I 0-1, 9/8/93)

In 1993, 153 House Democrats Voted To Cut \$1.5 Billion In Funding For The Ballistic Missile Defense Program. (H.R. 2401, CQ Vote #412: Rejected 160-272: R 6-167; D 153-10; I 1-0, 9/8/93)

During The Reagan Administration, A Majority Of Democrats Voted Against Missile Defense:

During The Reagan And George H. W. Bush Administrations, A Majority Of Democrats Voted Against Missile Defense At Least 14 Times. (S. 1160, CQ Vote #101: Rejected 36-59: R 1-49; D 35-10, 6/4/85; S. 1160, CQ Vote #103: Rejected 33-62: R 28-22; D 5-40, 6/4/85; H.J. Res. 465, CQ Vote #365: Motion Agreed To 64-32: R 49-2; D 15-30, 12/10/85; H.R. 4515, CQ Vote #122: Ruled Non-Germane 45-47: R 7-42; D 38-5, 6/6/86; S. 2638, CQ Vote #176: Motion Agreed To 50-49: R 41-11; D 9-38, 8/5/86; S. 2638, CQ Vote #177: Rejected 49-50: R 10-42; D 39-8, 8/5/86; S. 1174, CQ Vote #248: Motion Agreed To 58-38: R 8-37; D 50-1, 9/17/87; S. 1174, CQ Vote #259:

Democrats, continued on page 7

Answer from page 1:

They were all Republicans!



Immigrants, continued from page 1

to reduce the enormous pressure caused by the powerful job magnet. Tightening the border will slow the flow but also increase the economic pressure. As the supply of cheap illegal labor increases, the pressure will increase, requiring even more border patrols!

The answer is a fair and simple one. We can and must fine illegal aliens to pay for the cost of government. We must assess fines on the money they earn, save or transfer out of the country. In this way, finally, we will reduce the power of the job magnet and give Americans and legal immigrants the opportunity to earn these wages.

These fines must be continuous and sufficiently high to encourage those already here illegally to go home and at the same time we must open the legal channels for those who are willing to obey our laws, pay our taxes and take on the personal responsibility that is at the foundation of the American dream.

Louis S. Harvey, Inc.

Founder and leader of DALBAR, Lou Harvey is relentless in the search for the forces that are shaping the world of financial services today, tomorrow and for years hence. Using DALBAR's research capabilities, Lou Harvey seeks insights from inside and outside the industry to understand and anticipate changes in customers needs and the ways products are distributed.

Under his leadership, DALBAR is now recognized and respected in the financial services community for its credibility, independence and its contributions in raising the level of excellence in the industry. Fiercely committed to delivering value to customers, Lou Harvey has proved through DALBAR that the business principle of putting the customer first does work.

Lou Harvey began his career doing research in physiology at the University of the West Indies in 1961 but soon transferred into the newly emerging world of computers with IBM until his emigration to the US in 1963.

Shortly after arriving in the US, Lou Harvey's career intersected with mutual funds when he became an NASD Registered Rep. Softness in the emergent mutual fund market forced him into publishing for five years with Litton Educational Publishing and John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

By 1970, Lou Harvey was back in the mutual fund industry, this time starting up new businesses. The first start-up was Bradford Mutual Fund Services in Boston followed by Bradford Trust Company in New York. Bradford Trust was the nation's first limited purpose trust company.

Lou Harvey left Bradford in 1976 and founded the DALBAR organization, where he remains its President. DALBAR has been credited with changing the way financial services firms treat their cus-

tomers. Achievements at DALBAR include (See more at www.dalbar.com):

- 1976 -Research into the feasibility of creating the first tax-exempt mutual funds.
- 1979 -Development and implementation of large scale processing system for mutual funds.
- 1982 -Introduction of the automated clearing of mutual fund transactions.
- 1986 -Launch of first mutual fund trade publication: Journal of Mutual Fund Services.
- 1987 -First DALBAR awards for mutual funds, recognizing excellence in customer service
- 1991 -DALBAR expands awards into other financial services, insurance, retirement plans, annuities.
- 1994 -Groundbreaking study showing the difference between profits investors earn and the results that mutual funds publish.
- 1995 -Social Security Administration receives the Vice President's Hammer award for excellence in the DALBAR survey.
- 1997 -DALBAR introduces awards for excellence in communication to simplify and clarify financial communications.
- 1998 -DALBAR sells publishing division to Thompson Financial.
- 1998 -DALBAR introduces ratings of financial advisors and receives Securities & Exchange Commission permission for investment firms to use DALBAR ratings in advertising.
- 1999 -DALBAR and Microsoft create AdvisorFinder, an online service to locate top quality financial advisors. Recognized as one of top 25 Deals of the year by FutureBanker.
- 1999 -DALBAR introduces Web site ratings and awards to make financial Web sites more usable for the average consumer.
- 2001 -DALBAR expands into Property & Casualty insurance.

Lou Harvey has a history of community service, including:

- 2001 -Treasurer & Chair of Finance Committee at Plimoth Plantation
- 1999 -Membership Committee of NASD
- 1998 -World Bank study of Social Security Privatization
- 1997 -Cohasset History Committee member and support of a variety of activities
- 1996 -Bentley College Graduate School board member
- 1996 -Federal Reserve Bank of Boston Advisory Council

Lou Harvey's expertise in financial services has been recognized and he is a regular source for the press, including major daily newspapers, magazines, TV and radio since 1987. He has written a number of papers and books for both professional and consumer audiences

Lou Harvey was born in Puerto Barrios, Guatemala in 1942. He earned a bachelors degree in Physics from the University of the West Indies.

Democrats, continued from page 6

Motion Agreed To 51-50: R 37-9; D 13-41, With Vice President Bush Casting A Yea Vote, 9/22/87; S. 1352, CQ Vote #148: Motion Agreed To 50-47: R 37-6; D 13-41, 7/27/89; H.R. 3072, CQ Vote #202: Rejected 34-66: R 27-18; D 7-48, 9/26/89; H.R. 3072, CQ Vote #213: Adopted 53-47: R 39-6; D 14-41, 9/28/89; S. 2884, CQ Vote #223: Adopted 54-44: R 2-42; D 52-2, 8/4/90; S. 2884, CQ Vote #225: Motion Agreed To 56-41: R 39-4; D 17-37, 8/4/90; S. 2884, CQ Vote #226: Motion Agreed To 54-43: R 37-6; D 17-37, 8/4/90)

Democrats Would Have Left Us Helpless Against North Korea's Missiles

If Democrats Succeeded In Cutting Missile Defense The U.S. Would Not Be Able To Defend Itself Against North Korea's Missiles:

The Wall Street Journal: "The Navy had at least one ship-based Aegis missile-defense system deployed off the Korean coast, with a potential to shoot down a North Korean missile." (Editorial, "The Taepodong Democrats," The Wall Street Journal, 7/21/06)

The Wall Street Journal: "The

Aegis cruisers have successfully shot down missiles in seven of eight tests in recent years, and could become an important player in protecting allies and U.S. forces against regional missile threats." (Editorial, "The Taepodong Democrats," The Wall Street Journal, 7/21/06)

The Wall Street Journal: "The U.S. is also dispatching PAC-3s, a more sophisticated version of the Patriot anti-missile system, to Japan. This kind of capability adds to the credibility of the U.S. deterrent, reassures allies and enhances American influence." (Editorial, "The Taepodong Democrats," The Wall Street Journal, 7/21/06)

The Wall Street Journal: "Virtually none of this would exist had Democrats succeeded over the years in their many attempts to kill missile defenses." (Editorial, "The Taepodong Democrats," The Wall Street Journal, 7/21/06)

The Wall Street Journal: "[W]ith President Clinton in office, Democrats starved the program of funds." (Editorial, "The Taepodong Democrats," The Wall Street Journal, 7/21/06)

Source: GOP.com